UE Fights Illegal NLRB Questionnaire

As Latest Drive on Labor Takes Shape

A new drive by the big corporations to break UE and all unions which refuse to sell out their membership began taking definite shape in the past week as the National Labor Relations Board issued a completely illegal order under charges that the UE is engaging in unfair labor practices.

The order, issued by the NLRB, is based on what is known as the "Red Plate" which was served on the UE in New York City. The "Red Plate" is a legal document which is served on unions suspected of engaging in unfair labor practices.

The order, in effect, requires UE to cease and desist from engaging in unfair labor practices.

Readers Digest Calls Grievances "Red Plate"

UE Local 701 in its issue of "The Reader's Digest" for December 1933, has made the following statement:

"The NLRB order, which was served on the UE in New York City, is an illegal order. The UE is not engaged in any unfair labor practices. The order is a violation of the National Labor Relations Act. The UE will not comply with the order."

Santas is Union Man

Out in San Francisco, Santa Claus has signed a contract to spread Christmas cheer to children. The contract, signed by Santa Claus, states that he will work with the UE on a full-time basis from now until Christmas Day.

"I am a union man," said Santa Claus. "I believe in the UE's fight for workers' rights. I will work to uphold the UE's goals and objectives."

Nervy Free Rider Threatens UE Man

A free rider, who was identified as John Doe, has threatened to strike UE Local 701 if the union does not agree to his demands. John Doe is a free rider who has been riding the backs of workers for years.

"I will not ride on the backs of workers anymore," said John Doe. "I want a union job with a good salary and benefits."
White House Rips New McCarran Law

A high-ranking official of the New McCarran-Walter Immigration and Nationality Act, which the Justice Department has asked to be struck down by the Supreme Court, is calling it the most important legislative measure of the year. The bill, which is expected to have a major impact on the immigration policies of the United States, is designed to curb illegal immigration and to provide for the deportation of illegal aliens already in the country.

The bill, which is supported by the House of Representatives and the Senate, will be considered by the Senate Judiciary Committee on Tuesday. The bill's sponsors are Senator J. William Fulbright, D-Ark., and Representative James Oberstar, D-Minn., both of whom are members of the House Judiciary Committee.

The bill would establish a point system for the admission of non-citizens, and would require the Department of Labor to prepare a list of occupations that are in demand in the United States. The bill would also provide for the deportation of illegal aliens who are found to be working in the United States without authorization.

The bill's sponsors say that the legislation is necessary to address the problem of illegal immigration, which has become a major issue in recent years. They say that the bill's provisions are designed to ensure that illegal aliens do not take jobs away from legal workers and to reduce the burden on local governments caused by the presence of illegal aliens.

The bill's opponents argue that the legislation is overly restrictive and would be a barrier to the flow of skilled workers into the United States. They say that the bill's provisions are too broad and that they would lead to a decrease in the number of legal immigrants who come to the United States.

The bill's supporters say that the legislation is necessary to ensure that the United States remains a country of immigrants, and that it is important to maintain a balance between the needs of the economy and the rights of legal immigrants.

The bill is expected to be considered by the Senate Judiciary Committee on Tuesday, and is likely to be considered by the full Senate in the coming weeks. The bill is also expected to be considered by the House of Representatives in the coming months.