Union Mass Meeting

TUESDAY, MARCH 25th
7:30 P.M.

Union Headquarters
cor. FRIE BLVD.
& LIBERTY ST.

Protest Action on Wage Question
REPORTS OF DELEGATES

★ It is important that every member on Days and Third Shift be present to determine the next step!

SPECIAL MEETING

2nd Shift Workers
Wednesday, Mar. 26, -- 1:30
UNION HEADQUARTERS
To Hear and Act on Report of Wage Question.

5,000 G.E. Workers Attend Local No. 301 Mass Meeting!

WASHINGTON, March 25--Tens of thousands of G.E. workers turned out today to attend the mass meeting of Local No. 301. The meeting was called to protest against the company's policy of cutting wages.

The company officials, who had been trying to convince the workers that they were better off in the new plant, were forced to make a public statement that the workers were worse off.

The workers, who had been organized by the C.I.O., were determined to fight for their rights.

Three Classes

There are three classes of workers:

1. Those who work in the offices and have the best hours and conditions.
2. Those who work in the shops and have the worst hours and conditions.
3. Those who work in the fields and have the worst hours and conditions.

The workers in the office are well paid and have the best hours.

The workers in the shops are poorly paid and have the worst hours.

The workers in the fields are the poorest paid and have the worst hours.

Is This Un-American?

A new movement is being started to get better hours and conditions for all workers.

The workers are organizing to fight for their rights.

The workers are determined to win their fight.

The workers are going to fight for their lives.
Labor Speeds Defense

In the great drive to make this country the "arsenal of democracy," the American worker is counting as particularly crucial. Before the eyes of the army's new tanks, the role of the man's new battleplane, as the story of the next ten years will be woven across the sky, stood the tasks, the magnitude of American war effort in a single grand national defense program.

Organized labor has cooperated in the nation's defense program in a manner which demonstrates that, insofar as the defense program is concerned, labor in this country is united in the interests of defense. 

This kind of cooperation is a factor which has contributed to the successful carry-over in the manufacturing industries which have already performed defense work. Out of 5,000 thousand defense plants, more than 3,000 have been started. 

Among the most important factors in defense industry cooperation, relatively a small number of producers have been identified by the Bureau of Labor Statistics as a result of the Defense Program.

B) Worker re-employment in the strikes in American industry probably resulted in the employment of an average of less than two days per week.

C) This varies in proportion to the time lost through industrial accidents. On-strike of injuries in excess of five per cent of the total labor force, but which varied from two to four percent, is not included in the inspections; the actual number of days lost in this period was still less than 600 days.

D) There has been an 47 percent decline in the numbers of people likely to be strikes during the first six months of the Defense Program over the corresponding period of 1940.

E) The number of men involved in strikes was only about 40,000 at the end of the first six months of the Defense Program, and at the end of September 1940, which was 24 days after the start of the year. This is a 47 time reduction in the number of people likely to be strikes during the first six months of the Defense Program over the corresponding period of 1940.

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SECOND SHIFT MASS MEETING

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ELECTRICAL UNION NEWS

March 30th, 1941

MANAGEMENT TROUBLE

A Editorial From PM,

Sunday, March 30th, 1941

There has been considerable agitation over the All-America strike at the General Electric Company in Schenectady. This is a matter of some importance, and one that we must all take seriously. It is not a question of the workers being represented by the United States government, but it is a question of the workers being represented by the United States government. The strike is one of the most important in the history of the United States government, and it is one that must be taken seriously.

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LITTLE LUTHER

"Fellow," said Little Luther, "I see that the boys in the office have prepared a statement for you."

"Yes," said the worker, "I see that the boys in the office have prepared a statement for you."

"Well, what is that statement?"

"It is a statement that the workers are prepared to present to the government."

"And what is the statement about?"

"It is about the conditions in the factory."

"And what do the workers want?"

"They want better wages and better working conditions."

"And what are the employers willing to do?"

"They are prepared to negotiate with the workers."

"And what is the government willing to do?"

"They are willing to help the workers in any way that they can."

MARKET NOTES

During the week's wage increases, the wages of the workers at the Schenectady plant were increased. The increase was 50 cents per hour. The workers are pleased with the increase, and they feel that it is a just and fair wage.

The increase is the result of the efforts of the workers in their negotiations with the management. The workers were represented by the United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America, and the management was represented by the General Electric Company.

The agreement was reached after a long and difficult bargaining session. The workers were determined to get a fair wage, and they were not satisfied until they had achieved their goal.

United Electrical, Radio and Machine Workers of America

80 Fifth Avenue, New York City

To the General Electric Company

March 30, 1941

Dear Sirs,

We are writing you today to express our appreciation for the cooperation that has been shown by both management and workers in the negotiations for the new contract.

The workers are pleased with the increase in wages, and they feel that it is a fair wage. They appreciate the efforts of the company in reaching an agreement, and they look forward to a continued relationship that is based on mutual understanding and respect.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely yours,

John P. Lewis

Tabor's Torn

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(Text continues on page 2)

In order to
Get rid of war and make peace, we must do this:

- Education in the schools
- Labor unions
- Women's issues
- Military disarmament

(Continued on page 2)