Layoffs Cut Deeper
In Industrial Control

Proposals for the reorganization of executive board were discussed at the Board meeting January 11, with a report on the attempts to improve the standard of work for the coming year. The board president, observing the tendency toward specialization, proposed a change in the executive board members. These changes would result in more members, including representatives on the executive board, to be elected by the rank and file. A member of the executive board has been elected to the board of directors. The new board is expected to be elected at the next meeting.

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REORGANIZATION OF EXECUTIVE BOARD

Rates, Says U.S. Labor Dept.

The government's review of the once-a-year publication of the rates, says U.S. Labor Dept. in its report on the wages and the economic conditions of the workers in that industry. An HFE report states the average wage per man-hour in the industry was $1.50 in 1932, a decrease from $1.75 in 1931.

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They Went...
These men of the US Local 500, the 500th of its kind, started out in Washington on Thursday, Jan. 11, and made their way to the White House, where they were received by President Roosevelt. The 500 men were from the Schenectady-Waterford area and were there to present their demands to the President. The President listened to their demands and promised to do all in his power to help them.

Propose Changes in Jobless Law

(Continued from Page 1)

UE ‘301’ Delegates Spur WSB for Wage Increases

A charter law firm, the US Local 301, which has been active in the campaign for wage increases for the past several years, has introduced a bill in Congress for the purpose of raising wages. The bill, which was introduced by人大代表, was referred to the House and Senate. The bill is expected to be passed by Congress and signed into law by the President. The bill would provide for a 50% increase in wages for all workers in the industry, and a 25% increase in wages for workers in the skilled trades.
The Checkered Career Of Senator Humphrey

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey "talks faster, demands and promises more, and forgets it quicker than any man in the Senate," according to a recent article appearing in the current issue of a national labor magazine about the man who has announced he is picking up the torch in 1968 for the two U.S. senators who have in recent years spent much of their time trying to stop the progress of the billion-dollar-a-year atomic industries.

The key to this failure of the big business plan to attack Humphrey is evidenced in his subsequent growth in the Senate, where he has become one of the most powerful legislators in the chamber. Humphrey, the only junior Senator from Minnesota--a state that has a history of anti-big business sentiment--is making a name for himself in Washington.

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U.S. PROPOSES CHANGES IN COMPENSATION LAW

Humphrey is running for the Minnesota presidential convention vote, but has not shown any sign of being willing to go to sea or support the big business plan to attack Humphrey.

In addition, Humphrey has joined the anti-big business crusade led by Senator Abraham Ribicoff of Connecticut, and Ribicoff's program of a "minimum wage" for workers in the atomic industries.

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Workers are too wise to fall for the anti-big business crusade led by Senator Abraham Ribicoff of Connecticut, and Ribicoff's program of a "minimum wage" for workers in the atomic industries.

"No faith" says De Mol多人, his workers and their unions would not be fooled.

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Push for Reform Of Hughes-Brees

This is the issue that is tearing apart the labor movement. The people making the statement are the Hughes-Brees, who have engineered a new movement to limit the power of the unions in the atomic industries.

Workers in the atomic industries are finding out for themselves.

"No faith" says De Mol多人, his workers and their unions would not be fooled.

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Strengthening Seniority In Control Lay-offs

The Union had been hired to take care of a major dispute between two companies that had merged. The new union was formed to negotiate a new contract for the workers.

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